ISLAND POND, VT., FRIDAY, AUGUST 31, 1894.

Essex County Herald.

Essex County Herald,

ISLAND POND, VT.

TERMS: \$1.50 Per Year, in Advance.

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## Dental Notice.

I make Artificial Feeth without rubber or ctable plates, coald Crowns, Posselain Crowns and bridge Work a Specialty,

DP. R. G. FICKETT, Dentist, 243 Middle St., - - Portland, Me.

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TIBBETTS & MCNALLY, - Proprietors Patrons conveyed to and from Station free Livery Stable connected

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MONADNOCK HOUSE COLEBROOK, N. H.,

9. ROWAN, PROPRIETOR.

first-class Livery connected with the Hours.

This Hotel is pleasantly located in one of This Hotel is pleasantly meased in Northern New Hampshire, and b ving been thorsoughly returnished and refitted, offers great coughly returnished and refitted, offers great The Inducements to Summ r Tourists. The Rouse is fitted throughout with steem head

Isn'T it about time that the case of Jack, the defender of the flag afloat, the man who often has the honor of the country in his keeping. should have a word in its favor? If there were more than twelve hundred desertions from an enlisted force of 8,200 men in the United States navy last year, doesn't it seem as if there must be something radically wrong with the service? When you examine the present naval system and find that it does not allow enlisted men an opportunity for promotion, doesn't it at once strike you as un-American, degrading, and illcalculated to bring out the best results for the country's good? Give them a chance for promotion and

## Essex County Herald.

aming stassly that all known species wild animals are gradually diminish-

A peculiar disease of the will is nore common in France than in any other country. The sufferer is unable to cross any open space, like a city

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A writer in Puck shows a deep knowledge of human nature when he admits that training and education have done much for man, but that it has not yet taught him to look for the towel until he has filled both eyes with

The island of Juan Fernandez, off the coast of Chile, the scene of Defoe's "Robinson Crusoe," was recently visited by a German savant, Dr. L. Plate, in the employment of the Prussian Government. He found about fifty inhabitants, half of them Chinese. There is a mountain 3000 feet high in the centre of the island, which is covered with a dense forest, and has a mild but rainy climate.

During the year 1893, according to a report just made to the Department of Internal Affairs at Harrisburg, there were 586 fatal accidents in the coal mines of Pennsylvania, of which 455 occurred in the mining of anthracite and 131 in that of bituminous coal. To go a little deeper into figures, there was one fatal accident to every 393 employes in the anthracite mines and one to every 624 employes in the bituminous mines. Of non-fatal accidents the proportion was one to 129 and one to 236. The following explanation of the greater fatality attending anthracite mining is given: "The anthracite mines are much deeper than the bituminous mines. The greater number of accidents, therefore, is not in consequence of less care and skill being practised in conducting mining operations, but because of greater natural dangers. While the mines in some portions of the bituminous coal regions contain large quantities of gas, Wholesale -:- Lumber other mines are almost wholly free from it, while no anthracite mine is men and superintendents and overseers from it, while no anthracite mine is ness men and superintendents and overseers of milk that some members of the Cotton Manufacturers' Association will break away more difficult to ventilate the authracite mines than the bituminous, ar

#### German Carp in Carolina Waters,

The German carp is here to stay. Within six or eight years he has multiplied to an amazing extent. The lordship of the Santee and its branches he disputes with the redhorse, the catfish and the mudfish; and since his increase is wonderfully rapid he bids fair in a short time to make himself more prominent than any of his rivals. It is very probable, too, that the freedom of running water will gradually improve his quality, if not his size.

his deserts, and he has been also much maligned. He is not the finest fish that swims, though Izaak Walton, gallantly feminizing him, calls him The queen of rivers; a stately, a good and a very subtle fish." In the Charleston market buyers would pass him by on the other side, and further inland he is regarded as decidedly inferior to many small pan tish, and to the trout, which, by the way, is no trout at all, but a black bass. But he is superior to the catfish, the mudfish, and, perhaps, the jack. After all is said, however, the carp's worth remains, like the voter's choice for Governor or Senator, a matter of taste. A great deal depends on the cook. -Charleston (S. C.) News and

The Discovery of Glass. There is little or nothing known with certainty in regard to the invention or discovery of glass. Some of the oldest specimens are Egyptian, and the age of certain glass vessels made by that people which are now kept in the British Museum is believed to be at least 4194 years, dating back to the year 2300 B. C. Transparent rlass was first used about 750 B. C.; the credit of this latter discovery being given to the Phoenicians. The old story of its accidental discovery is familiar: Merchants who were resting their cooking pots on blocks of sub carbonate of sola found glass proinced by the union, under heat, of the alka i and the sands of the desert. -St. Louis Republic.

Highest Peak in North America.

The Bulletin of the American Geographical Society annuances that the recent study of the observations on nountain summits in the neighboranol of Mount St. Elias shows that fount Logan is the loftiest peak in North America, with a height of 19,. 500 teet, thus being 1200 feet higher than Orizaba and 1500 feet higher tuan Mount St. Elias.

Killed 110 Whales.

Information received in New Bedform Mass, states that a letter sent to Quebec. Can. from Fort Hope, on the McKennie river, dated June 10, states that the Beels' river post on the same river sends informa-tion that seven whaleships had wintered on the McKenzie river and during last fall had enough in the ships to do the work to be american vessels.

# LABOR TROUBLES.

An Important Conference Held.

Looks Now Like a Prolonged Shut Down.

Representatives of the various labor organications, spinners, weavers and eard The state board to his call for a conference. The state board of arbitration and Hon, W. W. Crappo, presi-dent of the Wamsatta Mili Corporation, appearing for the mill managers, were also present. The meeting was impor-ount, masmuch as the first official statement from the mid managers was made. Mayor Brown il stated that it must be to the interests of catigens and stockholders if some way could be devised whereby our industries thing could be accomplished he would be much pleased. See, Ross of the Spinners' Union stated that during two years there had been a reduction of 23 , per cent., while the reduction on the cloth amounted to 30 per cent. One trouble is that the manufacturers never offer to advance wages, no matter how good trade is. The spinners were never informed of the amount of reduction they were to receive and they never will go at k into these mills, without knowing what they are to receive. He had never advised a strike and never would. Matthew Hart, representing the weavers Union, said that since 1884 he knew wages had been cut down from #12,50 a week to 86,50 per week. Hon. W. W. Crapo thought Mayor Brownell did right in calling the conference in the interests of cace, harmony, contentment and prosperity of the community. He thought the gentle-men had spoken with great moderation, but as a stockholder, he thought they were wrong, and that figures will show it. No one in the world would like to joy high wages in well as the mill managers. Mr. Craps said he felt it his duty to look out for the 1200 stockholders of the Wamsut'a Mills. He ranched into figures, and stated that the reluction proposed was not as much as the peratries claim. He said that higher wages operatives claim. He said that higher wages were being paid here in New Beifford than in other places. It secures a better class of help. For this reason manufacturers like to keep up wages. When spinners in this city got \$14.95 for doing the same work for which Louislate spinners get \$10.50, it makes competition hard. See, Ross of the spinners was paked what effect the lockout in Fail River petition hard. See, Ross of the spinners was asked what effect the lockout in Fail River would have on the strike. He replied that he did not think it would cause any alarm on the part of the operators in this city, for as he looked at the situation, the lockout will be for only a short time, perhaps not over two weeks. A South End mill superintendent, in an interview said, that the help would doubtless, feel differently when a few weeks want by without drawing any wages.

from the agreement by which they are com-pe led to keep their mills closed, while the paring to resume operations and take advan-lage of the rising market for goods. The fact that two large concerns are running under the old wage schedule, and that two are running under a new schedule of 10 per cent. less, is giving rise to a great deal of comment, which proves that there are a great many operatives here, who prefer work to idleness at the approach of winter. There have been runners that a special meeting of the Manu-

er the situation, and see if it is not possible that some means can be taken to remedy it. It is hard to base rumors on a solid foundation, as members of the executive committee have achided that the best interests of all conmeetings of the Carders' and Spinners, unions will be held during the week.

The carp has been praised beyond The eighth report on annual statistics of nanofactures from the office of the Secre-ary of the Massachusetts State Bureau of

Both Sides Present Lengthy Arguments.

In general, there is little new to be said remills in other parts of New England are pre-

rumors that a special meeting of the Manu-facturers Association will be called to considcerned are best promoted by keeing a discreet silence, at least until after Labor Day, as

A STRING OF FIGURES. Annual Report of the Bay State Manofactures.

> Statistics of Labor has been issued. The number of returns entering into the compari-ons in 1823 included 4397 establishments, as against 1927 included in the first volume of he series. The whole number of returns re-served in 1893 included 4570 establishments. The 4570 establishments, in the different industries, r turned an aggregate value of ands made and work done in 1893 of \$606, 582,976. This product value, returned from these leading establishments in 1893, is 96.42 per cent, of the product value returned by the 19 672 establishemats in 1885. Female suf-fragists will take pleasure in noting that the ctal number of partners and stockholders in (53) was 43,803, as against 42,735 in 1892. The males decreased from 27,325 to 27,211. and the proportion of males to the total num-ber declined from 63.94 per cent, to 62.12 per cent. On the other hand the number of fe-

> maks increased from 17,00 per sent to 28.38 per et. An average number of 3.6,203 per ons was employed in the 4397 establish-ments in 1892 and in 1893 these same establishments employed an average of 293,169 persons, a decrease of 13,034, or 4.28 per cent. All of the leading industries, except worsted goods show a decrease in the average number of persons employed in 1893 as compared with 1892, the largest percenage of age of decrease being found in carpetings, in which 4,703 persons were amplosed in the 11 establishments amployed in the 11 establishmen making return in 1892 and 4,335 persons 803, a decrease of 7.82 per cent. The next righest percentage of decrease is found in e percentage being 7.27 in both industries he other industries in the table show per entages of decrease as follows: Boots and shoes, 7.10; cotton goods, 0.28; leather, 5.34; machines and machinery, 2.69, and paper and paper goods, 4.21; and, as stated above. rease is shown in worsted goods of 0.32 per cent. In other industries, which includes 2.458 os addishments, the decrease in 1893 as compared with 1892, is 5.27 per cent. The average yearly carnings per individual, without regard to sex or age, employed in he 75 industries were \$450,59 in 1892, declinhe 73 industries were \$450,35 in 1832, decling to \$114,17 in 1893, a decrease of 3.64 per ent. The range from highest to lowest everally earnings was from \$752 to \$290,08 in 1802, and from \$733,73 to \$244,08

emales and young persons. In the 4397 es-ablishmen's making return, the total amount aid in wages during the year 1892 was \$137,972,501, and in 1893, \$127,286,397, a loss \$10,696,104, or 7,75 per cent.

a 1883. The higher earnings ruled in the ir

histries demanding greater skill and employ ng males chiefly, and the lower in the factor

adustries employing a large proportion of

Down a Mountain Side. A crowded electric car on the western ter minus of the suburban railway of New Jer-sey, at Eagle Rock, N. J., got beyond the control of the motorman and dashed down a steep mountain incline, jumped the track and plunged over an embankment. Nobody was killed outright, but 18 persons were very se

# NEW ENGLAND NEWS NOTES. FROM SEAT OF WAR.

George Ott of Bridgeport, Ct., is under arrest for attempting to kill his wife. Mrs. Fanny Bradford, the oldest woman in Monson, Me., was 100 years old a few days The case of E. H. Oakes, the alleged Lynn,

A. W. Cotton of Arl ngton, Mass., left his home for Boston several days ago and hanot returned.

Frank Wilson and E. D. Gibney, both prisoners at Deer Island escaped by swimming across Shirley Gut. The steam mill Westover & Gould, stair

builders, at Manchester, N. H., was Journed. Loss \$2500, pertially insured. George D. Bartiett, who has been post master at Brentwood, N. H., store 1872, sus tained a shock recently which must soon

The Boston & Maine freight depot at Newton junction, N. H., a one-story wooden hard ing 60 feet long, was burned. Its contents

at the home of his parents, on C street, South Boston, Mass., after a long and impering the ness, from consumption Gov. King's old mansion house at Bath, Me., that for years has been a landmark, and

for half a century has been a hotel, was nearly destroyed by fire. The project to parchase a site at Monument square. Woonsocket, P. I., for a city hall for

\$51,000, as recomme ded by a committee of the city council, was killed. John D. Foote, aged 61, a prominent citizen of Biddeford, Me., and a veteran of the 13th Maine regiment, was found dead in a woodshed near his carpenter shop. Death

was caused by apoplexy. Thomas J. Stark, 31 years old, member of the firm of Brown & Stark, blacksmiths, of Stanford, Ct., committed suicide by leaping

from South street raffrond bridge in front of an approaching express train. M. E. Sanborn, aged 18, and Isaac Fellows aged 10, were arranged in the police court at Methuen, Mass, charged with burgiarizing the house of J. H. Pond and securing about

\$600 in money and a good watch. The farm buildings of Charles Cheney and Soel Richardson at East Corinth, Me., were burned recently. The house and outbuild-ings were destroyed, and Cheney lost two calves and most of his household effects

Bloomile d Green, one of the oldest citizens

of Spencer, Mass., committed suicide in his bath tub by cutting his throat with a razor. He had been practically blind for several years and his act is attributed to despond-Two mornilary fires occurred at Ipswich Harris were destroyed; also three cows. While his fire was in progress a second fire was started build a nile away near the wharf.

and a barb was burned. James Labin of 46 Hutchinson street, Lowel, while stiempting to board a coaltrain near bould Lowell. Mass, fell under a car and had both legs cut off. He died at St.

John's Hospita', in Lowell, a few hours later without gaining consciousness. vite Pinard's box factors and the threasing machine factors of B. F. Rollins. The fire caught around the tedler in Pinard's shop-Pinard a loss is #10,000; insurance #750;

dlins loss #10,000; no insurance. JAPAN'S PRIME MINISTER:



Count Hirobami It is the Premier of the Japanese Cabinet, which consists of eight Ministers of State. From his youth Ito ha-had the reputation of being clever and bright. After General T. Saigo disappeares from the areas of politics at the close of the rebellion of 1877, and after the sudden deat of Okubo in the following year, Count Its and other younger men came to the front. Ito's most important work before this was the building of the first railroad in Japan, i 1874, when he was Under Secretary Department of Public Works.

### PULLMAN'S HUNGRY.

Illinois Responds Nobly to Their Cry

of Distress. Contributions of cash, provisious and cloth ing are being received by the officers of the relief organization at Pullman, and the promises of liberal donations make the destitut people feel more hopeful of the future than they have before in many weeks. By order of the county commissioners the county agent has forwarded one thousand sacks of flour and four thousand pounds of rice to the town Only extreme cases were reserved. All the committee hed on hand to begin with was 250 loaves of bread, but cash re-sponses to the governor's proclamation were received from Chicago people and residents of Illinois and adjoining states. The Sal-vation army and church people are arrang-

GORMAN'S HEALTH. Declared to Be in a Very Precarious

State-He is Going to Europe. Sen. Gormon's physicians advise him to leave for Europe at the earliest possible day, not only for the benefit of the sea voyage, but for the purpose of taking treatment at one of the German seas. His health is declared to be in a very precarious state. An intimate friend of the Gorman family said: "Sen. Gormans family and friends have been greatly alarmed about his beaith for several months, and his physicians have fr quently advised him that he must devote a long period to rest and abatain from work of all sorts or else he would break down or apletely and irrevocably. The senator left Washington for Saratoga for a

ily will probably go to Europe."

rest. If he does not unprove, the whole fam

Gen. Ezeta Arrested. U. S. Marshal Baldwin has served warrants on Gen. Ezeta and his companions on board the U. S. S. Bennington at San Francisco, Cal. The prisoners were brought to shore in the quarantine launch. The officers of the Epsta are false, but that he would not in any case return to Salvador. Knowing that he would be murdered there he would sooner

## Japan Declares Rice Not Contraband.

China Apoligzes for Outrages on Missionaries.

Earthquake Again Visits Kingdom of Greece.

The Japanese government has decared ice to be not included in articles contraband of war. The attempt of the Chinese government to fleat a loan of 1,00,000 tasls, to be guaranteed by Chinese merchants, has proved a flat falure. The Japanese minister at oil is reported to have been kided. The ories in circulation as to the manner of his eath are conflicting. The latest and more reilable information concerning it, howeve, is that he was assasinated by Japanese. A dispatch from Tien Tsin to the Times says: An Imperial edict, which has just appeared, undernis the officers responsible for the reat outrages on a tissionaries, and orders that they be beheaded. The actual criminals are solvaiding the chancels, and liberal comsensation will be given to relatives of the votins. Li Hung Coung has expressed regret to the British Minister. It is reported in Yokohama that 50 Japanese campbor

nkers in Formosa have been massacred.

The capture of 13 Amarchists some ten days ago at Berlin, Germany, was the beginning of a series of important discoveries which is still in progress. The police have found search meeting places frequented by Anarchiest-in Bromen, Lubeck, Lundenshield, Northinnsen, Mainz, Rixdorf, Forst, Weissenfels, Westenden, Halle, Humberg, Altoni, Hum-nelsburg and Dusseldorf. They have learned also that there are Anarch-ist groups in Leipsie, Magdeburg and Frankfort, although still unable to find the e-ting places in these three towns. The first soit of these discoveries is the government's doct-fun to increase the political police force in Berlin, where many anarchist meetings have been held in the last six menths. A spe-cial credit for this purpose will be proposed in parliament.

An earthquise shoot Corinth. Chains, Cinte and Athania. It was not very violent, set it set the initialitants of the four districts n a state of panic, as a repetition of the se-ero-hocks left early in the year was feared generally. The people fled to the fields, where many of them remained over hight. The damage to property was slight, and, as far as is known, nobely was killed.

#### OVER 21,000 IDLE.

General Shut Down Ordered in rall River, Mass., Mills.

The greatest lockout ever known in the history of Fall River, Mass, is now under ay. No member of the Manufacturers Association makes any pretentions of telling how long it will last, for it is brought about by the low condition of trade and the "voluntary vacation entered into by a vote of 968 members of the Weavers Union.

pessible exceptions of the Kerr Iron Works, Committed and Seasonnet mills, every corporation in town will remain closed until it is shown that a vote of others fourths of the spiniles represented in a certain agreement, shall decide that the gates may be reopened and opportunity of-tered for workers to return to their places. fere! for workers to return to their places. An exact statement of the number of idle operatives will not be disputed, and such a statement was given this afternoon by a manufacturer and statistician: American Lines Co., hands employed, 1,000, weekly payroll, \$5,000; Anawan, 135, \$675; Barnard, 350, \$2,400; Border City, 1,200, \$7,500; Bourne, 477, \$3,100. Charge 170, \$3,100. Charge 170, \$3,000. Constitutions 475, #3,100; Chaes, 470, #3,40; Cornell, 400, #3,000; Davol, 425, #3,200; Durfee, 1,050, #7,500; Fall River Manufactory, 355, #2,300; Fint, 500, #3,000; Globe Yarn, 1,025, \$6,850; Giranite, 1200, #8,200; Hargrayes, 100, #5,500; Kin; Phillip, 1200, #10,000; Laurel Lake, 365, #2,300; Mechanics, 570, #3,880; Mechanics, M remants, 1,350, \$7,60 Metacomet, 325, \$1,600 Narragansett, 400, 2,550; Osborn, 750 \$5,300 Pocasset, 7:20,\$4,600 Richard Bordon, 740, \$6,050 Robeson, 230, \$1,700 Sagamore, 900, \$6,000 Sanford, Spinning, 350, \$2,100 . Seaconnet / 7, 400, \$2,500; Shove, 625, \$4,000; Stafford, 800, \$5,200; Stevens, 150, \$1,200; Tecunsch, 400, \$3,300; Troy, 390, \$2,700 Union,

 90), \$6,000; Wampanoag, 800, \$5,200; Weeta-mee, 400, \$2,850.
 The weavers are in high gles, as they have obtained the curvainment for which they were seeking. Among business men and others the big lockout is regarded with much regret. Nearly \$150,000 we sky will be taken out of circulation. During the lockout the weavers will receive no assistance from their union as they voted to dispense with benefits by voting to take a vacation beginning by voting to last Mouday. voting to take a vacation beginning Mouday. It is not probable however, that the funds will be touched for two ahead and spinners are very conservative with their funds on account of the great drein that has been made on them during the past year.

DR. KOCK'S LATEST.

German Doctors Say He has a Sure

At the monthly meeting of the New York State Board of Health, Dr. Cyrus Edson announced that Dr. Hermann M. Biggs, the bacteriologis, and pathologist of the New York city health department, has just returned from Germany, where he has made an claborate study of a new lymph or injection for the cure of diptheris. This lymph or anti-toxine, as he called it. Dr. Edson said. was Dr. Koch's latest and greatest discovery. Dr. Biggs considered it an infallible cure for diptheria if applied within thirty-six hours after infection. The principal was the same as tha of the celebrated lymph which Dr. Koch disovered for the cure of consumption, Dr. Ed-on defended the latter, which, he said, was all Dr. Koch had claimed for it, though not what the public at first ignorantly thought it to be. Whatever doubts Dr. Biggs had a first were dissipated by his observations. He had seen Professer Virehow and other famou German scientists who had investigated the remety and had come to the same conclusion as himself. In Berlin has found between 3000 and 4:00 well-attested cases in which dipthe-

WHERE THE GOLD IS.

New York Banks Have \$25,000,000 More Than I. S. Treasury. The amount of gold held by the national banks of the United States is shown in an ab stract of the returns compiled in the office of the comptroller of the currency. New York state national banks alone have \$25,000,000 more gold than the gold reserve in the treasury. The returns are of July last and they make a very favorable showing. They include the following: New York \$80,104,000 Massachusetts, \$11.915,00:: Connecticut, 2,-305,000; Maine, \$901,000; New Hampshire, \$358,000; Rhode Island, \$713,000; Vermont,

Short in His Accounts.

The portly form of the clerk of the Salem Mass., Water Board will be seen no more i the corridors of the Salem City Hall. Th information is given out that Clerk Nathanie M. Brown of the Water Board was \$1,000 short in his accounts. Right on top of that his reeignation was received by the board, which was to go into effect immediately. Clerk Brown is the son of ex-Mayor Nathaniel Brown, who was at the time of his son's

#### MILL NOTES. An effort is being made to establish a snoe

factory at Phillips, Me. The York Mills at Saco, Me., will probably

The National Paper Mills of Ballston Spa, N. Y., has resumed work. The Lee Brothers Furniture Co. of Bridge port. Ct. has reduced its capital from \$50,000

to \$30,000 It has been decided to resume work in 65 of the 90 pudding furnaces at the Burden Iron Works in Troy, N. Y.

The Stanley Mfg. Co., Pittsfield, Mass., has sought a lot of land with the intention of erecting a new brick building.

The dipping department of the Somerset, Mass., Pottery Works has started up in full, after a two weeks suspension. The large addition to the plant of the Nia-

gara Giazed Paper Company, of Niagara Falls, N. Y., has been completed. The American Supply Co. has been organ-cel at Naugatuck, Ct., with a capital of \$1000 to manufacture metal goods.

The Peter Adams Paper Co., of Manchester, H. has reduced the working time to three days a week on account of dull times. About 60 hands are employed at Hewitt's hoe shop, Taunton, Mass., and the outlook s said to be promising for the fall trade. The announcement is made by Agt. Clarke of the Pemberton Mill, Lawrence, Mass., that

the mill will not be started up for sometime.

The Wolcott Mill property at Brookfield, Mass., has been sold to Worcester, Mass., parties, who will operate it in manufacturing The Hartfort Carpet Co., at Phompsonville, Ct., discharged 30 employees and closed its wool-washing department. Hereafter it will

Wilson & Fennimore's large wall paper mill at Bristol, Penn., has been closed for the season by the National Wall Paper Trust,

The \$40,000 capital stock of the new 4-mile

Braintree & Weymouth, Mass., Street Rallway Company, has been subscribed. It is believed cars will be running by November The Lippitt Woollen Co. has started a pertion of its plant at Woonsocket, R. I., after a suspension of one week, and intends

throwing 151 employes out of work.

Mass, have shut down in order to make necessary repairs on its water power ma-chinery. The works will be closed for a

to gradually increase the force if trade war-

Helix Manufacturing Co., has been organized at Kittery, Me., with \$20,000 capital. The officers are: President, I. H. Cochran, and treasurer, Fred P. Greenville, both of The Boston Rubber Shoe Co., Maiden, Mass., is laying the foundation for an exten-

sion from the north side of factory No 2. The new building will be used for storage of raw material and drying room. A company has been formed at Lewiston, Me, with capilal \$50,000, to operate the state quarry at Monson, Me, and to erect mill for manufacturing the product. J. G. Tripp. (

T. Small and others are interested. At Athol. Mass., the Lee shops have shut down for a two weeks' vacation. Also the shop of Bennett & Van Valkenburg, until the flume can be repaired, and work has been started in Edison Fitch's new match shop. As a result of the recent tariff changes, the Farr Alpaca Co., of Holyoke, Mass., will dis-

charge a large number of its wool assorters as it has been found that the wool can be assorted much cheaper in foreign countries. The Brunswick Manufacturing Co., has teen organized at Portland, Me., for the pur pose of manufacturing machinery, with \$100,000 capital stock. The officers are: Pres., W. D. Hatch and treas. W. M. Pen-

The town of Pittsfield N. H. has voted to exempt from taxation for 10 years, the new sho business of the W. F. Morgan Shoe Mfg. Co. improvements that are being made at C. B.

Lancaster's factory. The machinery at Isaac Prouty & Co.'s, shop in Spencer, Mass, has been set in motion. It is not expected that any great number of hands will be employed at first, or that the shop will be run on orders before next week, as the work for the first few days will be strictly confined to samples.

A plane action company was formed in Portland, Me., which is located in Lynn, Mass. The officers elected were Hon. J. C. Bonnett, Pres.; Capt. J. F. Meach, Treas., and these officials, together with B. Pitman, F. Smith, all of Lynn, and Wm. Badger of Boston, will constitute the board of direc-tors. The company has secured a factory in West Lynn. The Smith & Anthony Stove Co 's foundry of Wakefield, Mass., has resumed operations after a shutdown of several weeks. About 31

moulders went back to work, in addition to the past week or ten days, making in all about 50 men. The brass department is runmer, but is employing less hands than usual

To Be Beheaded.

Deputy United States Marshal Woodworth of Mechanicsville, N. Y., and two assistants, Frank Smith and Judd Griswold of Elmira, N. Y., have arrived in St. Paul, Minn., in charge of three Chinamen, who are to be de-ported back to China, under the exclusion aw. The three Chinamen, Lum Bick, Mock Shong and Mock Coon, were captured as they were being smuggled across the Cana-dian border at Plattsburg, N. Y., May 17. They were sentenced to 20 days imprison-ment, after which they were to be deported to China. They claim they were members the Chinese militia. The result will be that as soon as they land on their native shore they will be taken in charge by the authori

A \$15,000 Fire.

The four-story Chase Block on Merrimac street, in the business portion of Haverhill, Mass., was the scene of a \$15,000 blaze. The lire started on the second floor in a suite of rooms occupied by J. H. Norton & Co., up noisterer. The ground floor was occupied by Bennett & Co., shoe dealers, whose loss is \$3000, and E. E. Graves, fancy good, whose loss is \$7000. On the second floor were J. H. Norton & Co. and the People's House Furnishing Company, and the former's loss is \$1500 and the latter's \$1700. The third floor was rented by C. H. Goodwin, and was n The occupants aggregate osses will be \$2000.

be embelished, paralleled by drives and made a great water boulevard, one of the finest pleasure ways in existence. It will extend from the lake to the river along the Midway Plaisance.

Just Like Chicago.

Park Commissioners for the continuation of the Midway Canal, which is now in course

of construction, to the Chicago River. The chief object is to furnish an injet to the big drainage canal. The new water way would

Plans have been submitted to the South

Behring Sea Claims. Senator Gresham and Sir Julian Paunce fote, the British ambassador, have agreed upon a convention to be ratified by the Unit-ed States and Great Britain, providing for a commission to neet at Vancouver and con-sider the amount of damage to be paid by the United States for seizing Canadian scal-ers more than three miles from land from 1886 to 1899. The Paris Behring Sea tribunal established as findings of fact that 20

### BOSTON WHOLESALE MARKETS.

[To make the following quotations of value to buyer and seller aitke, it will be necessary to carefully note the prefatory remarks which precede all articles quoted. In a market of this character it is impossible to give prices for every day of the week, but noting the general tendency of trade, those given will be found sufficiently close to enable dealers to base their transactions thereon.]

Some slight encouragement is given the market over the fact that the tariff bill will son put an end to the general uncertainty of things. Although the effect of the bill will not materially change the situation of things, there is a hopeful feeling prevailing. There is still a quiet tone in the flour market, with prices steady and unchanged. Oats are easy with higher prices for new goods. Mill feed has a firm tone. Butter has a fair demand and extra qualties obtain good prices. Eggs sell quickly with a strong market. Hay is firm for choice with low grades dull. Rye straw is a trifle off. Cared provisions are quoted steady, with pork and lard advanced. Sugar prices have advanced a little.

BUTTER.—Fresh creamery, 23½@24c¼ fair to good, 22@23c; fresh dairies, 20@22c; imitation, 17@18c; ladle, 15@16c.

BEANS.—\$2@2 10 for pea. \$1 90@2 00 for medium; yellow eyes, 2 60@\$2 80; ted kidneys, \$2 65@2 70; foreign, \$1 65@1 75; Cal. BEEF. Plate and extra \$96011,00 per bbl amily and extra family, \$10 50@11. eef. 5@8'se; hinds, 65g@11'se; fores, 35g@

CHEESE.—New, 952@10c for best North-ern, 8@9c for Western. COFFEE. - Rio, low ordinary, 18%@18%e good, 16% c; prime and fancy washed, nom-inal; Santos, 19622; Java Timor, 25@27c; Maracaibo, 23@23%; Jamaica, 20@23c; Cos-ta Rica, 23@25c; Mexican, 21@24c; Guate-

nala, 23@24c ; Mocha, 25 ; @26.

EGGS.—Fancy, 21@22c, best Eastern, 18c; Western choice, 15% @16%c; Michigan GRAIN. Steamer vellow and No. 2 yellow GRAIN.—Steamer yellow and No. 2 yellow, corn onspot, 661<sub>2</sub>c: to ship, No. 2 yellow, 641<sub>2</sub>ce65c. Oats, 416241<sub>2</sub>c; for new clipped; No. 2 white, 32639<sub>2</sub>c; No. 3 white, 40c; No. 2 mixed, 354265c. Milfeed to ship, \$17 50; for spring, and \$18 25 for winter bran; 181<sub>2</sub>c20 for middlings. Cottonseed meal, \$24 00 to ship; Gluten meal to arrive, \$22 00 rec. 58660c.

FI.OUR. — \$3.65@4.00 spring patents, spe-special brands higher; \$3.20@3.55 for winter patents; \$2.75@3.25 clear and straights; low grades, \$2@3. Commeal. —\$1.24@\$1.26 per

bag, and \$2.60@2.65 per bbl. Oatmeal.— \$5.20@5.40 for rolled and ground; cut, \$5.40 @5.80. Rye flour.—\$2.90@3.10. FRUIT. - Apples, choice Williams, \$2.00 @2.50; good cooking, 75 @ oranges, 200 counts, 75@1.00; \$4.50@5; boxes, hf. \$1.50@2.50; \$3.64.50; fancy, \$5.5066,50; Cuba pine apples, 568c; extra, 9610c; bananas, No. 1s. \$1.5661.75; eight hands, \$1.3561.50; No. 2s. 90c661.15; evaporated apples, 13641.4c; sun dried, 869c, peanuts, 33,644.5c.

MUTTON. -Lambs, 7@8c for good to choice; mutton, 6@7c; vearlings, 5@6c; veal

MOLASSES. - New Orleans fancy new,34@

35c.; choice, 28@32c.; centrifugal, 12@18c.; new fancy Ponce, 28@30c.; choice to fancy, 25@ 27c.: Mayaguez. 23@ 29c.: Barbadoss 23@ 25c.: St. Kitts, 21@ 22c.: boiling, nominal POTATOES -Choice native, \$1.60 @ 1.75

per bbl :Eastern, \$1.50 per bbl; Vir. sweets, \$2 @ 2.25 per bbl. POULTRY. Fowls, leed, 10c; leed chickens, 13c; live fowls, 94@10c; for chicks, 11@ PORK. -\$17.50 for long and short cuts and

POIGE.—\$17.50 for long and short cuts and heavy backs: light backs, \$16.50; lean ends, \$18.00 Fresh ribs, 9/4c.; sausages, 8/4c.; sausage meat. 7/4c.; bams, 12/4@13c.; smoked shoulders. 9/4c.; corned shoulders. 8/4c.; bacon, 11/4@12c. Tierce land, 8/4c.; palls, 9/6/9/4c.; city dressed hogs, 7/4c.; country, 6/4 RICE.-Patna rice is quoted at 434c; Ja pan, 4; @45;c.

SUGAR.—Refiner's prices: Cut loaf, 5%c.; crushed, 5%c.; dominos, hf bbls, 5%c.; cubes, 5,31c. pulverized, 5%c.; powdered, 5%c.; granulated, 4%; @4.94c.; Ontario A.s., 4%c.; C.s., 3%; @4.56c.; bag yellows, 4c. For lots of 100 barrels or more, draw back of %c.

and 1-16c allowed. Wholesale grocer's prices Granulated, med, in large bbls, 4.81c.; do in small bbls, 4.94c.; line in large bbls, 4.94c.; do in small bbls, 5c. Granulated at retail, 5%c. SPICES.-Black pepper, 8 @ 9c; white pepper. 10@13c; red pepper, 6@19c; cloves, Amboyna, 18@19c;Zanzibar, 11@13c; cassia, 8@10c; Saigon, 30@35c; ginger, 14@ 16c; Cochin ginger, 14@17; Jamaica ginger, 19@22c; nutmegs, 55@65c; mace, 56@60c Cream of tartar continues unchanged. Crystals 20@21c; ground and packed, for trade, 21@22c, Starch, potato 34@3\*4c; corn, 2@24c; wheat, 54@6c.

SEED. -\$2 80@3 00 for timothy, \$2 75@3 SEED. #2 80@3 00 for timothy, \$2 10@3 50 for red top, with recleaned at 121s@131sc; clover, 10@111sc. Peas, \$1.10@1.15 for best Canada, \$1.05 for Northern green, and \$1.15 for Western green. Hav, \$16@17 for best; lower grades, \$12@15. Straw, \$11 50@12 for rys, \$8 50@3 for oat.

TEAS.—Japan teas, low grade, 12@14cchoite, 23@24c; low grade Amoy, 12@15c good to medium, 16@20c; good medium, 21 @23c; fine, 24@27c; finest, 28@32c; 13@15c for common: good, 16@17c: superior, 17@20c; Formosa, common, 16@22c; good: 23@25c: superior, 27@29c; fine, 33@38c, finest, 42@48c; choice, 48@52c; choicest,

carrots, 65c per bu; "cakes," 15@25c, per 190; green corn, 15@20c per bu; Musk Melons, per bu,, \$2 (a 2.25

TRUCK .- Cabbage, \$3@5; per 100 count

tomatoes, native, 25 to 50c. per 100 count; tomatoes, native, 25 to 50c. per bu; others not quoted; onions, 65c per bu; shell beaus, 75c. per bu; string do. 75c. per bu; beets, 25c per bu; marrow squash, 21 per bbl;

MINE HURROR. Terrible Death for Helpless Men in

Bowels of the Earth. A terrible catastrophe occurred in the Oregon Improvement Co. s coal mines at Franklin. Washington. The dead bodies of 57 men have been recovered, and it is known that many other men are in the mine. It is probable that none will escape. The fire, it is said, caught in breast No. 62 in the sixth level, but of the cause nothing have been learned.

the sixth level, but of the cause nothing have been learned.

Two explosions of gas took place in the workings of the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Co.'s ceiliery at Gilberton, Pa. Frank McCormick, fire boss, was killed; Lewis Ball was fatally hurt and the following were seriously injured; George Davis, Thomas Leahy, inside foreman; Enoch Singerly, James Toomey, Wm. Schultz, Harry Buchanan and William Davis, All of these men were burned badly. It was All of these men were burned badly. It was at first feared that all in the mine had perat first feared that all in the mine had per-ished, but many came up unburt or stayed ap down and helped look for their more un-fortunate comrades. It is supposed that a small body of gas was dislodged and ex-ploded by a blast, and that the falling coal from the pillar exposed a larger body that was fired by the explosion of the first. The colliery employs 674 men and boys.

Noted Manufacturer Dead.

Mr. James W. Converse, one of Boston's oremost citizens in the financial and busi-sess world died at the house of his son-in-aw, Mr. i. W. Chick, at 8 wamscott, aged 86. ames W. Converse was born Jan. 11, 1808 n Thompson, Ct.